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p. 14, lines 13, change as follows:

Fig. 6 shows an aft view of the embodiment of Fig. 4 and Fig. 5. In this aft view of the pogo-ski 1, it can be seen that the ski 7 further comprises sharp cornered edges 32 along the lower left and right corners of said ski 7 when viewed from the rear or in transverse cross-section. These sharp cornered edges also facilitate "carved" turns and enable a ski sideward-skidding braking technique, as is known from the prior art in ski construction and use corners of said ski 7 when viewed in transverse cross-section. These sharp cornered edges also facilitate "carved" turns and enable a ski sideward-skidding braking technique, as is known from the prior art in ski construction.

p.20, lines 15 and 20, change as follows:

Fig. s 13A, 13B and 13C show aft views of other preferred embodiment of a pogo-ski related to the embodiment of Fig. 3. Fig. 13A Fig. 13a shows an aft view of an embodiment of a pogo-ski 1 similar to that of Fig. 3, but provided with an aft linking cable 61 looped around a primary aft pulley 60 and guided around that by a right aft guide roller 60R and left aft guide roller 60L at a location aft of the right lower post 6R and left lower post 6L, in addition to the linking cable 19 looped around the primary pulley 20 at a location forward of the right lower post 6R and left lower post 6L. Also, in the embodiment of Fig. 13A Fig. 13a the linking cable 19 and aft linking cable 61 are both connected at their lower left and right termini to the foot enclosing surfaces 39 associated with the left foot support 4L and right foot support 4R, respectively. The linking cable 19 and aft linking cable 61 will preferably have some elasticity or stretch and at least a minimal amount of damping, to allow some at least minimally damped pitching rotation of the left and right foot supports, and some at least minimally damped concurrent up/down translation of the left and right foot supports, in addition to the one up & other down motions of the left foot support 4L and right foot support 4R that would be permitted even if the linking cables were fully inelastic and undamped.

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p.34, lines 13, change as follows:

Fig. 24A shows a pogo-ski 1, wherein a snow ski 7S supports a lower post 6 to which foot supports are attached (left foot support 4L is visible in this view, and here comprises a plate-like foot support with a pitch-axis rotational degree-of-freedom). The lower post is fitted with an optional tow fitting 93, to which a tow cable 94 can be detachably connected (tow cable shown in connected configuration). The upper end of the lower post 6 supports an upper post 10 through upper post connecting means 11, and the upper post 10 in turn supports a handhold 12 through handhold connecting means 15. The upper end of the lower post 6 supports an upper post 10 through upper post connecting means 11, and the upper post 10 in turn supports a handhold 12 through handhold connecting means 15. As illustrated, the upper post connecting means 11 includes means for setting the height of the handhold means 12 at different levels and comprises a telescopic slidable connection between the upper post 10 and lower post 6 and includes a quick-release mechanism 41.

p.37, lines 10-11, change as follows:

Fig. 24B shows a pogo-ski 1, wherein the ski is a water-ski 7W with an optional water keel 80K. The water-ski 7W supports a lower post 6 to which foot supports are attached (left foot support 4L is visible in this view, and here comprises a water-ski type foot support suitable for engagement by a bare foot of the user). The upper end of the lower post 6 supports an upper post 10 through upper post connecting means 11. The upper post is here fitted with an optional tow fitting 93, to which a tow cable 94 can be detachably connected (tow cable shown in connected configuration). The upper post 10 also supports a handhold 12 through handhold connecting means 15. The upper post 10 also supports a handhold 12 through handhold connecting means 15. In the illustrated embodiment note that the post (including lower post 6, upper post 10 and upper post connecting means 15) is nonlinear such that relative to a line connecting (i) an upper end of said post adjacent to said

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7.2 % 7.2 % V. 8 %

handhold means 12 and (ii) a lower end of said post adjacent to said snowboard 7, a middle portion of said post between said upper end and said lower end is located such that said middle portion lies forward of said line. Thus by visual inspection Fig. 24B shows an embodiment wherein said pogoski 1 is configured such that said pogoski 1 does not contact or engage with the buttocks of a user during normal use of said pogoski by said user. This illustrated nonlinear post configuration will also facilitate a reduced likelihood of a user hitting said post with his or her knees as they bend and yaw. Note that in variant embodiments of either snow or water-ski versions of pogoskis, optional tow fittings could be located attached to either or both of the lower and upper posts.

p. 53, lines 3-4, change as follows:

This invention relates to recreational equipment for winter use, such as skis, snowboards, or other equipment with snow runners for use by a person such as a skier or snowboarder. This invention relates to recreational equipment for use on a sliding surface, such as skis, snowboards, or other equipment for use by a person such as a skier, snowboarder or water-skier. This invention provides a pogo-ski comprising a ski and a post thereon which is fitted with foot supports and a handhold suitable for use by a standing user.